MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis (Other Supplementary Information)		1-3 4-13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds – Modified Cash Basis to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Custodial Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Custodial Funds	A-1 A-2 A-3 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-8	14 15 16-17 18 19-20 21 22 23
Notes to the Financial Statements	A-ð	23 24-40
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions – Texas County and District Retirement System Notes to Supplementary Information	B-1 B-2 B-3	41 42 43 44
COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGET COMPARISONS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Combining Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	C-1	45-46
Modified Cash Basis – General Fund Combining Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund Combining Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Other Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Other Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Custodial Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash	C-2 C-3 C-4 C-5 C-6	47-48 49-55 56-63 64-71 72-73
Basis – Custodial Funds	C-7	74-75

FINANCIAL SECTION

EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Montague County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Texas County and District Retirement System schedules, and the combining statements and budget comparisons on pages 4–13, 41, 42-44, and 45-75 respectively, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued under separate cover our report dated February 28, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC

Wichita Falls, Texas February 28, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Montague County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's Annual Financial Report this narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2022 by \$33,106,076 (net position). Of this amount, \$13,607,980 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's obligations.
- During the year, the County's total net position increased by \$1,946,470. The County's expenses, which totaled \$16,792,987, were less than the County's program revenues of \$7,020,125 and general revenues of \$11,719,332.
- > The total cost of the County's programs increased \$561,699 or 3% from the prior year.
- The governmental funds reported a fund balance at September 30, 2022 of \$19,926,257, which is an increase of \$1,469,351 in comparison with the prior year amount.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,524,422, or 64% of the total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

All of the County's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements, including administration, judicial, public transportation, and public safety. Property taxes, highway taxes, fees and commissions and intergovernmental grants finance most of the activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities on the modified cash basis, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* details how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. On the modified cash basis, all changes in net position are reported on the cash basis except for capital assets and long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The County uses fund accounting to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds* – not the County as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and or bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the County to control and manage money for particular purposes or to evidence appropriate use of certain taxes, grants, and other special revenues.

All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on *governmental funds* is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These reconciliations facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintained multiple governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the first and third precinct FEMA Funds and the Fiscal Recovery Funds, which are considered to be the County's major funds. Financial data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the County's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *other supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The County has elected to present its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The basis of accounting is a reference to *when* financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the County's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on the capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and recording non-cash capital assets and debt issuances.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) *are not recorded* in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Exhibited below in Table 1 are the County's net position summarized for the *governmental activities*.

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021	Change	% Change		
Current and other assets	\$ 19,926,257	\$ 18,456,906	\$ 1,469,351	8%		
Capital assets, net	14,634,720	14,690,235	(55,515)	0%		
Total Assets	34,560,977	33,147,141	1,413,836	4%		
Current liabilities	3.		<u> </u>	N/A		
Noncurrent liabilities	1,454,901	1,987,535	(532,634)	-27%		
Total Liabilities	1,454,901	1,987,535	(532,634)	-27%		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	13,179,819	12,702,700	477,119	4%		
Restricted	6,318,277	5,175,922	1,142,355	22%		
Unrestricted	13,607,980	13,280,984	326,996	2%		
Total Net Position	\$ 33,106,076	\$ 31,159,606	\$ 1,946,470	6%		

Table 1 - County's Net Position

Net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture, and equipment less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding) is \$13,179,819. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the County's net position, \$6,318,277, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position of \$13,607,980 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Changes in Net Position

The County's total revenues, both program and general, were \$18,739,457. A significant portion, 60%, of the County's revenue comes from property taxes. Charges for services accounted for 14% of the County's revenue while operating grants and contributions represented 23%. Exhibited below in Table 2 are the County's revenues for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 for the County's *governmental activities*.

Table 2 - County's Revenues

	Governmental Activities					
		2022	Percent		2021	Percent
Charges for services	\$	2,619,458	14%	\$	2,526,787	12%
Operating grants and contributions		4,400,667	23%		5,722,594	27%
Capital grants and contributions		2	0%		1,949,740	9%
Property taxes		11,155,819	60%		10,844,174	51%
License and permits		15,042	0%		9,984	0%
Investment earnings		79,783	0%		28,458	0%
Miscellaneous		468,688	3%		292,764	1%
Total Revenues	\$	18,739,457	100%	\$	21,374,501	100%

Exhibited below in Table 3 are the County's expenses for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 for the County's *governmental activities*. The total cost of all programs and services was \$16,792,987.

Table 3 - County's Expenses

	Governmental Activities					
		2022	Percent		2021	Percent
General government	\$	4,046,301	24%	\$	3,255,425	20%
Justice system		2,470,944	15%		2,104,980	13%
Public safety		1,609,599	10%		1,300,492	8%
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,824,824	17%		2,740,064	17%
Health and human services		433,925	3%		376,599	2%
Community and economic development		72	0%		35,475	0%
Infrastructure and environmental services		5,396,488	32%		6,401,257	39%
Interest and fiscal charges		10,834	0%	-	16,996	0%
Total Expenses	\$	16,792,987	100%	\$	16,231,288	100%

Governmental Activities

Table 4 presents the various revenue categories and gross costs of each of the County's functional areas for both the current and prior year. Following the table, we provide explanations for the significant or unusual fluctuations between the two years.

Table 4 - Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021	Change	% Change		
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,619,458	\$ 2,526,787	\$ 92,671	4%		
Operating grants and contributions	4,400,667	5,722,594	(1,321,927)	-23%		
Capital grants and contributions	8	1,949,740	(1,949,740)	-100%		
General revenues:						
Property taxes	11,155,819	10,844,174	311,645	3%		
Licenses and permits	15,042	9,984	5,058	51%		
Investment earnings	79,783	28,458	51,325	180%		
Miscellaneous	468,688	292,764	175,924	60%		
Total revenues	18,739,457	21,374,501	(2,635,044)	-12%		
Expenses						
General government	4,046,301	3,255,425	790,876	24%		
Justice system	2,470,944	2,104,980	365,964	17%		
Public safety	1,609,599	1,300,492	309,107	24%		
Corrections and rehabilitation	2,824,824	2,740,064	84,760	3%		
Health and human services	433,925	376,599	57,326	15%		
Community and economic development	72	35,475	(35,403)	-100%		
Infrastructure and environmental services	5,396,488	6,401,257	(1,004,769)	-16%		
Interest and fiscal charges	10,834	16,996	(6,162)	-36%		
Total expenses	16,792,987	16,231,288	561,699	3%		
Change in net position	\$ 1,946,470	\$ 5,143,213	\$(3,196,743)	-62%		

Significant fluctuations between years were as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions decreased \$1,321,927 or 23%, due to a decline in FEMA road repair grants and CTIF state road project grants offset somewhat by increases in District Attorney funding from Archer and Clay counties, OAG grant, Indigent Defense grant and prisoner housing.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,949,740 or 100%, due to no Texas Department of Transportation infrastructure projects in the current year.
- General government expenses increased \$790,876 or 24%, mostly due to increased funding to TCDRS, general increases in wages and benefits between years, increases in records preservation, increased payments out of unclaimed property, increased county clerk archive costs less a decrease in coronavirus relief funds used for general government expenses.
- Justice system expenses increased \$365,964 or 17%, mostly due to increases in the DA forfeiture costs and justice grant costs along with general increases in salaries and benefits including increased staffing.
- Public safety expenses increased \$309,107 or 24%, mostly due to spending coronavirus relief funds for public safety expenses and general increases in salaries and benefits.

Infrastructure and environmental services expenses decreased \$1,004,769 or 16%, mostly due to a decline in FEMA federal and CTIF state funding of road and bridge projects in the current year.

Table 5 presents the net cost of the County's governmental functions (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars and other miscellaneous general revenues.

	Governmental Activities					
		2022	Percent		2021	Percent
General government	\$	383,693	4%	\$	(724,007)	-12%
Justice system		1,891,106	19%		1,598,771	27%
Public safety		1,561,033	16%		1,252,964	2 1%
Corrections and rehabilitation		1,839,009	19%		1,761,364	29%
Infrastructure and environmental services		3,653,190	37%		1,714,005	28%
Other		444,831	5%		429,070	7%
Total Net Costs	\$	9,772,862	100%	\$	6,032,167	100%

Table 5 - Net Cost of County Functions

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As previously stated, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$19,926,257, an increase of \$1,469,351 from the previous year. Table 6 illustrates the fund balances of the governmental funds.

					Fis	scal			
	Ge	neral	F	EMA	Rec	overy	Other		
	F	und	Ft	unds	Fu	nds	Funds		Totals
Restricted for:									
Records management/preservation	\$	223	\$		\$		\$ 1,100,6	13	\$ 1,100,613
Public safety						() - 0	147,6	71	147,671
Justice system		3. 5 0		(.		5 0 0	726,1	67	726,167
Corrections and rehabilitation							479,8	41	479,841
Fiscal recovery		-		٠	3,46	59,960	3		3,469,960
Debt service				24		020	288,1	82	288,182
Other		200		3 4 3		0	105,8	43	105,843
Committed for:									
Indigent health care	1,6	693,237				1.00		8	1,693,237
Infrastructure and environmental services	2,7	792,182		-			-	5	2,792,182
Assigned for deficit budget for 2022-23	8	368,965		74		-). <u>.</u>	2	868,965
Unassigned	8,5	524,422	(2	70,826)		12		ε	8,253,596
Total Fund Balances	\$13,8	378,806	\$ (2	70,826)	\$3,46	69,960	\$ 2,848,3	317	\$19,926,257

Table 6 - Governmental Funds - Fund Balances September 30, 2022

General Fund

At the end of the current fiscal year, the ending fund balance for the General Fund was \$13,878,806, of which \$4,485,419 was committed, \$868,965 was assigned and \$8,524,422 was unassigned. The total unassigned fund balance represents 64% of the total General Fund expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2022. The fund balance increased \$134,201 in the current fiscal year.

General Fund revenues totaled \$13,479,923, an increase of \$566,634, or 4%, over the preceding year. The only revenue categories with significant changes between years were property taxes which increased \$315,866 and intergovernmental which increased \$123,558. The increase to property taxes was mostly due to increased taxable values. The increase of intergovernmental revenues was due to increases in District Attorney funding from Archer and Clay counties, OAG grant, Indigent Defense grant and prisoner housing.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$13,353,292, an increase of \$996,962, or 8%, over the preceding year. The most significant changes between years were in the following functional areas:

- General government expenditures increased \$366,299 or 13%, mostly due to increased funding to TCDRS, additional capital outlay and general increases in wages and benefits between years.
- Justice system expenditures increased \$287,027 or 14%, mostly due to general increases in salaries and benefits including additional staffing.
- Public safety expenditures increased \$390,744 or 28%, mostly due to the purchase of 7 new sheriff vehicles as well as increase in salaries and benefits between years.

General Fund other sources and uses netted to other sources of \$7,570 in the current year compared to other uses of \$492,873 in the preceding year mostly due to only \$80,000 of debt issued in the current year compared to \$540,668 of debt issued in the prior year.

FEMA Grant Funds

The County was awarded multiple FEMA grants to help the County repair numerous roads that were damaged due to flooding in prior years with the small projects being funded in advance and completed in prior years. In 2020-21, the County received \$2,538,179 of grant funds and expended \$2,369,012 resulting in a negative unassigned fund balance of \$463,621 at September 30, 2021. In 2021-22, the County received \$1,630,501 of grant funds and expended \$1,437,706 resulting in a negative unassigned fund balance of \$1,630,501 of grant funds and expended \$1,437,706 resulting in a negative unassigned fund balance of \$2,022.

Fiscal Recovery Funds

The County was awarded American Rescue Plan fiscal recovery funds from the federal COVID-19 economic relief grants in FY 2021 and received \$1,924,753 during fiscal year 2021. The County did not expend any of the funds during the year ending September 30, 2021 leaving a fund balance of \$1,924,753 at September 30, 2021 restricted to fiscal recovery grant allowed costs. The County received the remaining grant funds of \$1,924,707 during fiscal year 2022 and expended \$379,500 on a chip spreader leaving a fund balance of \$3,469,960 at September 30, 2022.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds consist of the various non-major special revenue funds and debt service funds. The total ending fund balance for the non-major special revenues and debt service funds combined was \$2,848,317, a decrease of \$402,852 from the previous year. All of the fund balance at September 30, 2022 is restricted as shown in Table 6.

Other Governmental Funds' revenues totaled \$1,704,326, a decrease of \$442,437, or 21%, over the preceding year. The individual revenues with significant changes were registration, fines and fees which decreased \$86,433, intergovernmental revenues which decreased \$475,591 and other revenue which increased \$115,993. The decrease in registration, fines and fees revenues was due to a decline in fines and fees for adult probation. The decrease in intergovernmental revenues was due to decreases in the coronavirus relief fund grant receipts less a net increase in smaller grants. The increase in other revenue was mostly due to large unclaimed property from the Texas Comptroller.

Other Government Funds' expenditures totaled \$2,201,507, an increase of \$503,634, or 30%, over the preceding year. The most significant change between years was in the following functional areas:

- General government expenditures increased \$94,116 or 43%, mostly due to increases in records preservation, increased payments out of unclaimed property, increased county clerk archive costs less a decrease in coronavirus relief funds used for general government expenditures.
- Justice system expenditures increased \$78,937 or 69%, mostly due to increases in the DA forfeiture costs and justice grant costs.
- Public safety expenditures increased \$128,535 or 3,563%, mostly due to spending coronavirus relief funds for public safety expenditures.
- Corrections and rehabilitations expenditures increased \$232,561 or 23%, mostly due to spending coronavirus relief funds for corrections and rehabilitations expenditures and increases in juvenile probation costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County revised its budget several times. With these adjustments, revenues were \$256,786 above the final budgeted amount. Most revenues fell within normal variance above and below budgeted levels except for intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues were above the budgeted amount by \$123,374 mostly due to the County overestimating grant receipts in the current year.

Relative to actual expenditures, they were \$2,005,195 below final budget amounts. All functional areas were well below their budget due to conservative budgeting.

As noted above, the original budget was amended throughout the year. However, the budget line items in the original budget were not materially different than in the final adopted budget except for intergovernmental revenues, other revenues and infrastructure and environmental services expenditures. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$162,521 to allow for additional funding of District Attorney by two other counties. Other revenue increased \$276,971 to allow for unclaimed property and money from property owners for road paving projects. Infrastructure and environmental services increased \$307,221 for potential year-end costs that never occurred.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2022, the County had invested in a broad range of capital assets totaling \$14,634,720, net of accumulated depreciation, including land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. See Table 7.

Table 7 - Capital Assets, Net

	2022	2021	Change	% Change
Land	\$ 420,047	\$ 420,047	\$ -	0%
Buildings and improvements	3,242,336	3,468,272	(225,936)	-7%
Machinery and equipment	5,072,603	4,386,735	685,868	16%
Infrastructure	5,899,734	6,415,181	(515,447)	-8%
Totals	\$14,634,720	\$14,690,235	\$ (55,515)	0%

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$55,515 from the previous year. The decrease relates to the current year depreciation expense of \$1,617,164 and dispositions (net) of \$10,476 less current year additions of \$1,572,125. Additional information about the County's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

At September 30, 2022, the County had \$1,454,901 in long-term obligations outstanding as shown in Table 8.

Table 8 - Long-term Debt

	_	2022	2021	Change	% Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$	295,000	\$ 580,000	\$ (285,000)	-49%
Notes Payable		1,159,901	1,407,535	(247,634)	-18%
Totals	\$	1,454,901	\$ 1,987,535	\$ (532,634)	-27%

During the year, the County issued \$80,000 in additional debt, but repaid \$612,634 in existing debt, Additional information about the County's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Appraised value used for the 2022-23 budget preparation was \$2,158,460,167, an increase of \$102,494,859, or 5%, from the prior year actual appraised value. Additionally, the M&O tax rate for 2022-23 is \$.5018 per \$100 valuation which is an 8% decrease from \$.5475 per \$100 used in 2021-22.

Revenues budgeted in the General Fund's budget for 2022-23 are \$14,061,211, an increase of \$581,288 or an increase of only 4% from the final 2021-22 revenues of \$13,479,923.

Expenditures budgeted in the General Funds' budget for 2022-23 are \$15,569,798, an increase of \$2,216,506 or 17% from the 2021-22 expenditures of \$13,353,292. The increase is due to budgeting for increases in most categories including payroll and benefits and most vendors as well as a large contingency for unknowns.

If these estimates are realized, the County's General Fund's fund balance is expected to decrease by \$1,508,587 by September 30, 2023. However, only \$868,965 was set aside as assigned fund balance at September 30, 2023 since restricted fund balance amounts will be used for the other \$639,622 deficit.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 18,853,119
Investments	1,073,138
Capital assets, net	14,634,720
Total assets	34,560,977
LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	611,739
Due in more than one year	843,162
Total liabilities	1,454,901
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	13,179,819
Restricted for:	
Records management/preservation	1,100,613
Public safety	147,671
Justice system	726,167
Corrections and rehabilitation	479,841
Fiscal recovery	3,469,960
Debt service	288,182
Other	105,843
Unrestricted	13,607,980
Total net position	\$ 33,106,076

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Program Revenue			Net (Expense)
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government: General government	\$ 4.046.301	¢ 4 700 850	¢ 4.050.350	¢ (202.002)
Justice system	+	\$ 1,702,850	\$ 1,959,758	\$ (383,693)
	2,470,944	437,475	142,363	(1,891,106)
Public safety	1,609,599	45,071	3,495	(1,561,033)
Corrections and rehabilitation	2,824,824	434,062	551,753	(1,839,009)
Health and human services	433,925			(433,925)
Community and economic development	72	8		(72)
Infrastructure and environmental services	5,396,488	9	1,743,298	(3,653,190)
Interest on bonded debt	10,834	12	19	(10,834)
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,792,987	\$ 2,619,458	\$ 4,400,667	(9,772,862)

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes	10,827,486
Property taxes, levied for debt service	328,333
License and permits	15,042
Investment earnings	79,783
Other	468,688
Total general revenues	11,719,332
9	
Change in net position	1,946,470
Net position - beginning	31,159,606
Net position - ending	\$ 33,106,076

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		94	96
	General Fund	R&B #1 FEMA	R&B #3 FEMA
ASSETS			
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 12,534,842	\$ -	\$
Investments	1,073,138	(a)	3 4 5
Due from other funds	270,826	20	
Total assets	\$ 13,878,806	\$	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Due to other funds	<u> </u>	\$ 270,826	\$ -
Fund balances:			
Restricted for:			
Records management/preservation			
Public safety	=	(19 5)	
Justice system	-	940 - C	S2
Corrections and rehabilitation	<u> </u>	5 2 -6	
Fiscal recovery	8	1.20	
Debt service	-	۲	-
Other	-		
Committed for:			
Indigent health care	1,693,237		
Infrastructure and environmental services	2,792,182	-	3. 4 3
Assigned for:			
Deficit budget for 2022-23	868,965	200	8 4 7
Unassigned	8,524,422	(270,826)	
Total fund balances	13,878,806	(270,826)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,878,806	\$	\$

98		
Fiscal	Other	Total
Recovery	Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds	Funds
). <u> </u>
\$ 3,469,960	\$ 2,848,317	\$ 18,853,119
		1,073,138
÷		270,826
\$ 3,469,960	\$ 2,848,317	\$ 20,197,083
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 270,826
¥	1,100,613	1,100,613
÷.	147,671	147,671
	726,167	726,167
÷.	479,841	479,841
3,469,960	5 2 5	3,469,960
	288,182	288,182
5	105,843	105,843
-	-	1,693,237
<u>1</u> 2		2,792,182
-		868,965
+		8,253,596
3,469,960	2,848,317	19,926,257
v		
\$ 3,469,960	\$ 2,848,317	\$ 20,197,083
2 - 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

4

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit A-3)		\$ 19,926,257
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Capital assets at year-end consist of:		
Gross capital assets Related accumulated depreciation	\$ 31,387,828 16,753,108	14,634,720
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefor not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consis		
General obligation bonds payable Notes payable	295,000 1,159,901	(1,454,901)
Total net position - governmental activities (Exhibit A-1)		\$ 33,106,076

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		94	96
	General Fund	R&B #1 FEMA	R&B #3 FEMA
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 10,827,486	\$ =	\$
Registrations, fines and fees	1,396,824	-	-
Public service fees	215,135	*	
Intergovernmental	596,799	1,052,579	577,922
Interest income	70,058	-	
Other	373,621		
Total revenues	13,479,923	1,052,579	577,922
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	3,285,855	<u>a</u>	6 2 9
Justice system	2,277,221	÷	-
Public safety	1,807,349	<u> </u>	
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,550,641		383 1
Health and human services	431,675		-
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,000,551	1,075,106	362,600
Debt service - bonded debt:	, ,		
Principal		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-
Total expenditures	13,353,292	1,075,106	362,600
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	30		
EXPENDITURES	126,631	(22,527)	215,322
		(22,021)	210,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	80,000	-	€
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	21,899	9 - 01	-
Transfers in	99,071		×
Transfers out	(193,400)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,570	1 2 /)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	134,201	(22,527)	215,322
Fund balances - beginning of year	13,744,605	(248,299)	(215,322)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 13,878,806	\$ (270,826)	\$ -

98 Fiscal Recovery Funds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 328,333	\$ 11,155,819
-	609,861	2,006,685
-) -	215,135
1,924,707	599,809	4,751,816
ă.	9,725	79,783
	156,598	530,219
1,924,707	1,704,326	18,739,457
379,500	313,156	3,978,511
	193,723	2,470,944
-	132,143 1,264,401	1,939,492 2,815,042
-	2,250	433,925
-	2,200	5,438,257
		0,100,201
5	285,000	285,000
	10,834	10,834
379,500	2,201,507	17,372,005
1,545,207	(497,181)	1,367,452
	-	80,000
-	-	21,899
7	331,252	430,323
-	(236,923)	(430,323)
	94,329	101,899
1,545,207	(402,852)	1,469,351
1,924,753	3,251,169	18,456,906
\$ 3,469,960	\$ 2,848,317	\$ 19,926,257

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit A-5)		\$ 1,469,351
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The net difference between the two is as follows:	l	
Capital outlay during the year Depreciation expense for the year	\$ 1,572,125 1,617,164	(45,039)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as revenues when received in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, the difference between the proceeds and the book value of the capital asset is reported as a gain (loss) from sale.		(40, 470)
The net book value of the capital assets disposed was: Proceeds from the issuance of debt is recorded as other sources when received in the governmental funds. However, the debt issued is reported as a liability in the		(10,476)
Statement of Net Position. The amount of capital lease proceeds in the current year was:		(80,000)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The long-to debt principal paid during the year was as follows:	erm	
General obligation bonds payable Notes payable	285,000 327,634	 612,634
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A-2)		\$ 1,946,470

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -

MODIFIED CASH BASIS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash	40 - E	\$ 1,412,079			
Total assets		1,412,079			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		-			
Total liabilities		-			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
NET POSITION					
Restricted for other purposes		1,412,079			
Total net position		\$ 1,412,079			

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Sheriff Department	\$	131,310
Coke Fund	Ψ	1,933
County Tax A/C		15,707,968
County Clerk		313,141
District Clerk		457,955
County Attorney		5,438
Probation Departments		257,779
JP #1		33,958
JP #2		53,491
Pending Forfeitures		7,070
State Fees		160,109
TOTAL ADDITIONS	0 	17,130,152
DEDUCTIONS		
Sheriff Department		95,546
Coke Fund		1,218
County Tax A/C		15,686,451
County Clerk		117,671
District Clerk		684,476
County Attorney		6,013
Probation Departments		258,522
JP #1		33,222
JP #2		48,972
Pending Forfeitures		4,022
State Fees		160,375
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u></u>	17,096,488
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		33,664
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		1,378,415
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,412,079

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

Montague County, Texas (County), a political subdivision of the State of Texas is governed by an elected judge and four county commissioners which comprise the Commissions' Court. The County's operational activities include general administrative services, judicial, public safety, the construction and maintenance of roads, health and welfare assistance, permanent records preservation, and conservation.

The accounting policies of the County conform to the modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the County's basic financial statements.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement Nos. 39 and 61, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the County (the "primary government") is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the County's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

There are no component units which satisfy requirements for blending or discrete presentation within the County's financial statements. Accordingly, the basic financial statements present the County only.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

- 3. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Modified Cash Basis of Accounting
 - a. Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about reporting the government as a whole. They report all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The County does not have any business-type activities.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category, and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The first and third precinct *R&B FEMA Funds* are special revenue funds that account for proceeds from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) grants that are restricted for road repairs due to flooding within the County.

The *Fiscal Recovery Funds* are special revenue funds that account for proceeds from the federal American Rescue Plan grant that are restricted for fiscal recovery costs related to effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds reported as 'Other Governmental Funds':

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and/or other custodial funds.

b. Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is utilized. Only current financial assets and liabilities on the modified cash basis of accounting are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

c. Basis of Accounting

The County's fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. The government-wide financial statements are also reported on the modified cash basis of accounting with the inclusion of the capital assets and long-term debt along with a provision for depreciation. The basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenditures/expenses (such as accounts payable and expenditures/expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fiduciary funds would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Other Guidance

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, miscellaneous revenue, and interest income.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or secured by obligations that are described above; or (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with third party selected or approved by the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost, all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

b. Activity Between Funds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

c. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1 by the County based on the January 1 property values as appraised by the Montague County Appraisal District. Taxes are due without penalty until January 31 of the next calendar year. After January 31 the County has an enforceable lien with respect to both real and personal property. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a perpetual lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. Taxes applicable to personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the County.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years, except for technology related items that are expended when purchased regardless of the unit cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The most significant infrastructure assets capitalized includes paved roads and bridges. The County has elected to capitalize infrastructure occurring subsequent to January 1, 2002 as recommended by GASB 34.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	5 - 40 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 35 years
Infrastructure	20 years

6. Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory time. No liability is reported for these amounts in the governmental funds or government-wide statements since they are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting.

7. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the County's Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the General Fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

B. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The County had no violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions for the year ended September 30, 2022.

2. Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

The County had the following individual fund with a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2022:

Major Governmental Funds: R&B #1 FEMA

\$270,826

The deficit fund balance is the result of the County's financial statements being reported on the modified cash basis and the deficit balance will be eliminated when the pending grant revenues are received.

C. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's cash on hand and deposits was \$19,926,257, including certificates of deposit reported as investments, and excluding fiduciary balances. All of the bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance or collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the County's name.

2. Investments

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the County. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds.

At September 30, 2022, the County had investments as follows:

Money market savings accounts, reported as cash Certificates of deposit TexPool, reported as cash	Fair <u>Value</u> \$ 9,123,507 1,073,138 <u>9,729,612</u>	Weighted Maturity <u>Months</u> 1 12 1
Total	<u>\$19,926,257</u>	

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name. At year end, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

4. Investment Accounting Policy

The County's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interestearning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interestearning investment contracts.

5. Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The County participates in the TexPool investment pool. TexPool is a local government investment pool organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. As required by the Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool. TexPool is comprised of two investment alternatives: TexPool (which the County is invested in) and TexPool Prime. Both funds seek to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per unit and are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the prior year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and do not begin to accrue interest until February 1. The County is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State of Texas to levy taxes (exclusive of those amounts levied to service long-term debt) up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general services, permanent improvements, road and bridge and jury fund purposes. The combined tax rate to finance general government (exclusive of long-term debt service) for the year ended September 30, 2022, was \$.5475 per \$100 valuation.

Taxes levied for the payment of principal and interest related to long-term debt was \$.0166 per \$100 valuation for the year ended September 30, 2022. An additional ad valorem tax may be levied and collected for further maintenance of public roads, provided that a majority of the qualified property taxpaying voters shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifteen cents (.15) per \$100 valuation. Montague County did not have such a tax for 2022. The total tax rate for Montague County for fiscal year 2022 was \$.5641.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/1/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/22
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 420,047</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 420,047
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	10,070,379	34,229	(=)	10,104,608
Machinery and equipment	9,175,986	1,537,896	159,661	10,554,221
Infrastructure	10,308,952	-		10,308,952
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,555,317	1,572,125	159,661	30,967,781
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	6,602,107	260,165	(iii)	6,862,272
Machinery and equipment	4,789,251	841,552	149,185	5,481,618
Infrastructure	3,893,771	515,447		4,409,218
Total accumulated depreciation	15,285,129	<u>1,617,164</u>	149,185	16,753,108
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	14,270,188	(<u>45,039</u>)	10,476	14,214,673
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$14,690,235</u>	(<u>\$ 45,039)</u>	<u>\$ 10,476</u>	<u>\$14,634,720</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 113,401
Public safety	79,627
Corrections and rehabilitation	181,705
Community and economic development	71
Infrastructure and environmental services	_1,242,360
Total governmental depreciation	<u>\$1,617,164</u>

F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Due to and from balances at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Due From	Due To	Amount	Reason
R&B #1 FEMA	General Fund	<u>\$270,826</u>	Short-term borrowing

All balances are expected to be repaid within the year.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Transfers From	<u>Transfers To</u>	_Amount_	Reason
General Fund	General Fund	\$ 74,887	Supplement other resources
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	118,513	Supplement other resources
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	24,184	Supplement other resources
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	212,739	Supplement other resources
	Total	<u>\$430,323</u>	

G. LONG-TERM DEBT

The County issues general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation bonds and notes payable to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

1. Total Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/1/2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance 9/30/2022	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Notes payable	\$ 580,000 1,407,535	\$ - <u>80,000</u>	\$285,000 327,634	\$295,000 _1,159,901	\$295,000 _ <u>316,739</u>
Total long-term liabilities – governmental activities	<u>\$1,987,535</u>	<u>\$80,000</u>	<u>\$612,634</u>	<u>\$1,454,901</u>	<u>\$611,739</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		All County Deb	t
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 611,739	\$35,159	\$ 646,898
2024	408,944	22,781	431,725
2025	213,855	11,728	225,583
2026	220,363	<u> </u>	226,314
Totals	<u>\$1,454,901</u>	<u>\$75,619</u>	<u>\$1,530,520</u>

2. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds outstanding at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Original Amount	Date of Issuance	Final _Maturity_	Interest Rate	Balance _9/30/2022
General Obligation Bonds:					
Certificates of Obligation,				1.75% to	
Series 2011	\$2,565,000	2/15/2011	2/15/2023	2.45%	<u>\$295,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	<u>\$_295,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,614</u>	<u>\$ 298,614</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 295,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,614</u>	<u>\$ 298,614</u>

3. Notes Payable

Notes payable outstanding at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Original Amount	Date of Issuance	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rate	Balance 9/30/2022
General Capital Corporation, CAT 140 Motor Grader	\$126,787	3/9/2020	3/9/2026	3.30%	\$ 87,233
General Capital Corporation, John Deere 670G Motor Grader	460,000	5/4/2020	5/4/2026	3.11%	315,989
General Capital Corporation, CAT 140 Motor Grader	130,432	8/24/2020	8/24/2026	3.09%	89,576
General Capital Corporation, 2 Komatsu Motor Graders	238,836	12/4/2020	12/4/2025	2.96%	193,815
General Capital Corporation, 7 Silverado Pickups	301,832	6/14/2021	7/2/2024	2.94%	204,126
First National Bank Leasing, 2022 Mack Truck	126,989	6/2/2021	6/15/2024	2.35%	112,600
First National Bank Leasing, 2021 Komatsu Motor Grader	264,630	9/27/2021	9/15/2026	2.50%	76,562
General Capital Corporation, 2019 Drum Roller	80,000	1/25/2022	1/25/2026	3.15%	80,000
Total					<u>\$1,159,901</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	N	lotes Payable	
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 316,739	\$31,545	\$ 348,284
2024	408,944	22,781	431,725
2025	213,855	11,728	225,583
2026	220,363	<u> </u>	226,313
Totals	<u>\$1,159,901</u>	<u>\$72,005</u>	<u>\$1,231,905</u>

H. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various nature. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (Pool) which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements. For the last three years, there have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage.

I. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Federal and State Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

In the normal course of providing services to the public, the County from time-to-time is subjected to litigation claims. The County defends itself against such claims based on internal assessment of liability and risk. Litigation expenses and related damages are recorded as expenditures in the period payments are made. At September 30, 2022, there is no reportable litigation pending against the County.

Trust Funds

The District Clerk has invested trust funds at various financial institutions in accordance with court orders. The County has a fiduciary responsibility over these funds until their final disposition.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

1. Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of over 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis that is publicly available at www.tcdrs.org.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

2. Benefits Provided

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	108
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	102
Active employees	114

3. Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County's actuarially determined contribution rate was 12.73% for the months of the accounting year in 2021, and 12.02% for the months of the accounting year in 2022. However, the County paid 14.24% in both years. Additionally, the County paid a lump sum payment of \$650,000 during the year ended September 30, 2022.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2021 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the Commissioners' Court of the County. The employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate may be changed by the Commissioners' Court of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

4. Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

Real rate of return	5.00% per year
Inflation	2.50% per year
Long-term investment return	7.50% per year, net of pension plan investments expenses
Growth in membership	0.00% per year
Payroll growth	3.00% per year

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. The mortality rates for active members were based on 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. The mortality rate for service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members was based on 135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. The mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. The mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown below are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation (1)	Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11:50%	3.80%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities – Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	3,80%
International Equities – Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16_00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board Meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected rate for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(4) Includes vintage years 2007 - present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The projected fiduciary net position was determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years. Therefore, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments (7.60%).

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)
	Total Pension Fiducia	ry Net Net Pension
	Liability Posit	
	(a)(b)(a) – (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$29,418,987 \$29,29	91,237 \$ 127,750
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	824,909	. 824,909
Interest on total pension liability	2,246,452	2,246,452
Effect of plan changes		ж: н
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	18,379	- 18,379
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(138,785)	- (138,785)
Refund of contributions	(5,306) (5,306) -
Benefit payments	(1,390,902) (1,39	
Administrative expense	· (1	19,477) 19,477
Member contributions	- 37	78,029 (378,029)
Net investment income	- 6,46	62,676 (6,462,676)
Employer contributions	- 1,26	69,015 (1,269,015)
Other changes		15,174 (15,174)
Balances as of December 31, 2021	<u>\$30,973,734</u> <u>\$36,00</u>	<u>00,446</u> (<u>\$5,026,712</u>)

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the net pension asset is not recorded.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease <u>6.60%</u>	Discount Rate 7.60%	Increase 8.60%
Net pension asset	(\$1,010,109)	(<u>\$5,026,712</u>)	(<u>\$8,374,471)</u>

Pension Expense

	January 1, 2021 to
	December 31, 2021
	a a a a a a a a a a
Service cost	\$ 824,909
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾	2,246,452
Effect of plan changes	3 2 6
Administrative expenses	19,477
Member contributions	(378,029)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(2,235,331)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	55,951
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	473,575
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(1,120,753)
Other ⁽²⁾	(15,173)
Pension expense	(\$ 128,922)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

K. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Beginning in December 2019, a novel coronavirus, now designated SAR-CoV2 which causes the disease COVID-19 was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization. The symptoms of COVID-19 can range from severe illness and can cause complications including death. On March 13, 2020, the Governor of the State of Texas issued a proclamation certifying that COVID-19 poses an imminent threat of disaster in Texas and declared a state of disaster for all counties in Texas. A state of disaster requires that certain emergency protective measures be taken pursuant to the Texas Disaster Act of 1975 relating to Emergency Management and Public Health, pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code.

State and local governments placed restrictions on the operations of businesses and public gatherings to promote health and slow the spread of the virus. The federal government passed several appropriations to address the negative economic impact caused by these restrictions. The County received \$1,924,707 in federal COVID-19 relief grant awards during the year ended September 30, 2022. The County has \$3,469,960 of federal COVID-19 grant awards remaining to spend at September 30, 2022. However, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the national, state, and local economies and, ultimately, the County's finances is not known at this time.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for financial statements prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting and are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

- MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		0		Variance With Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Final	Actual	Positive
REVENUES:	Original	Filia	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 10,811,719	\$ 10,811,719	\$ 10,827,486	\$ 15,767
Registrations, fines and fees	1,417,716	1,417,716	1,396,824	(20,892)
Public service fees	165,670	165,670	215,135	49,465
Intergovernmental	310,904	473,425	596,799	123,374
Interest income	7,800	7,800	70,058	62,258
Other	69,836	346,807	373,621	26,814
Total revenues	12,783,645	13,223,137	13,479,923	256,786
	12,100,010	10,220,101	10,470,020	200,100
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	3,534,952	3,566,433	3,285,855	280,578
Justice system	2,542,182	2,651,092	2,277,221	373,871
Public safety	1,864,773	1,889,845	1,807,349	82,496
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,680,667	1,727,475	1,550,641	176,834
Health and human services	886 804	886,804	431,675	455,129
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,329,617	4,636,838	4,000,551	636,287
Total expenditures	14,838,995	15,358,487	13,353,292	2,005,195
	(0.055.050)	(0.405.050)	400.004	0.004.004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,055,350)	(2,135,350)	126,631	2,261,981
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt	540 S	80,000	80,000	18
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	10,000	10,000	21,899	11,899
Transfers in	60,632	60,632	99,071	38,439
Transfers out	(196,819)	(196,819)	(193,400)	3,419
Total other financing sources (uses)	(126,187)	(46,187)	7,570	53,757
Net change in fund balances	(2,181,537)	(2,181,537)	134,201	2,315,738
Fund balance - beginning of year	13,744,605	13,744,605	13,744,605	<u> </u>
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 11,563,068	\$ 11,563,068	\$ 13,878,806	\$ 2,315,738

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2012	2011
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 824,909	\$ 752,577	\$ 763,106	\$ 763,828	\$ 764,950	\$ 793,010	\$ 742,341	\$ 696,475	N/A	N/A
Interest on total pension liability	2,246,452	2,123,620	2,010,537	1,888,700	1,742,640	1,590,718	1,542,080	1,449,541	N/A	N/A
Effect of plan changes	30	*	-	255	2	5	(106,924)		N/A	N/A
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(138,785)	1,559,510	#0	3.62	191,969		229,808		N/A	N/A
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	18,379	208,114	(58,640)	50,081	143,099	39,850	(849,160)	(110,934)	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1,396,209)	(1,353,229)	(1,265,266)	(1,132,762)	(947,514)	(901,688)	(942,062)	(1,007,382)	N/A	N/A
Net change in total pension liability	1,554,746	3,290,592	1,449,737	1,569,847	1,895,144	1,521,890	616,083	1,027,700	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability, beginning	29,418,987	26,128,395	24,678,658	23,108,811	21,213,667	19,691,777	19,075,694	18,047,994	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 30,973,733	\$ 29,418,987	\$ 26,128,395	\$ 24,678,658	\$ 23,108,811	\$ 21,213,667	\$ 19,691,777	\$ 19,075,694	N/A	N/A
Fiduciary Net Position										
Employer contributions	\$ 1,269,015	\$ 1,245,050	\$ 1,410,531	\$ 1,057,488	\$ 1,367,535	\$ 1,113,904	\$ 663,861	\$ 654,316	N/A	N/A
Member contributions	378,029	366,249	349,277	347,780	338,956	332,662	323,610	305,149	N/A	N/A
Investment income net of investment expenses	6,462,676	2,720,009	3,642,935	(413,041)	2,759,383	1,255,442	(28,715)	1,093,493	N/A	N/A
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1,396,209)	(1,353,229)	(1,265,266)	(1,132,763)	(947,514)	(901,689)	(942,062)	(1,007,382)	N/A	N/A
Administrative expenses	(19,477)	(21,433)	(20,060)	(17,820)	(14,853)	(13,632)	(12,293)	(12,873)	N/A	N/A
Other	15,174	10,245	20,599	10,363	10,032	80,849	(264,586)	(15,662)	N/A	N/A
Net change in fiduciary net position	6,709,208	2,966,891	4,138,016	(147,993)	3,513,539	1,867,536	(260,185)	1,017,041	N/A	N/A
Fiduciary net position, beginning	29,291,237	26,324,346	22,186,330	22,334,323	18,820,784	16,953,248	17,213,433	16,196,392	N/A	N/A
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 36,000,445	\$ 29,291,237	\$ 26,324,346	\$ 22,186,330	\$ 22,334,323	\$ 18,820,784	\$ 16,953,248	\$ 17,213,433	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (5,026,712)	\$ 127,750	\$ (195,951)	\$ 2,492,328	\$ 774,488	\$ 2,392,883	\$ 2,738,529	\$ 1,862,261	N/A	N/A
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	116 23%	99.57%	100.75%	89,90%	96 65%	88.72%	86,09%	90.24%	N/A	N/A
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 5,400,407	\$ 5,232,134	\$ 4,989,670	\$ 4,968,290	\$ 4,842,234	\$ 4,752,314	\$ 4,623,000	\$ 4,359,270	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	-93 08%	2 44%	-3 93%	50,16%	15 99%	50.35%	59,24%	42.72%	N/A	N/A

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year Ending September 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	rmined Employer Deficiency		Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 638,649	\$ 638,649	\$ -	\$ 4,335,818	14.7%
2014	654,316	654,316	1.52	4,359,270	15.0%
2015	663,861	663,861	1.5	4,623,000	14.4%
2016	663,904	1,113,904	(450,000)	4,752,314	23.4%
2017	657,091	1,367,535	(710,444)	4,842,234	28.2%
2018	640,413	1,057,488	(417,075)	4,968,290	21.3%
2019	596,266	1,410,531	(814,265)	4,989,670	28.3%
2020	565,070	1,245,050	(679,980)	5,232,134	23.8%
2021	672,144	1,249,987	(577,843)	5,279,999	23.7%
2022	696,177	1,474,766	(778,589)	5,791,818	25.5%

(1) Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

This schedule is based on the County's fiscal year.

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budgeting procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings when needed. Before October 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners' Court. A public hearing is then held and the Commissioners' Court takes action on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available fund balance.

Once the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. No amendments may be made without Commissioners' Court approval to the total budget for each department within a fund. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. No supplemental appropriations were required during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the County because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control.

B. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

The changes to actuarial assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period were as follows:

The service-related tables for salary increases changed from the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Table for active members, from the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table for service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members and from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for disabled retirees.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGET COMPARISONS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

	10 General Fund			12 Indigent Health Care	13 Group Insurance Benefit	
ASSETS						
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	8,320,249	\$	1,693,237	\$	1
Investments		1,073,138		1 2 7		-20
Due from other funds		0/249		20		-
Total assets	\$	9,393,387	\$	1,693,237	\$	12 m
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Due to other funds	\$		\$		\$	*
Fund balances:						
Committed for:						
Indigent health care		1 -		1,693,237		1
Infrastructure and environmental services		141				-
Assigned for:						
Deficit budget for 2022-23		868,965				-
Unassigned		8,524,422		-		-
Total fund balances	-	9,393,387	-	1,693,237	-	۲
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,393,387	\$	1,693,237	\$	

21	22	23	24	70	75	
Road &	Road &	Road &	Road &	FM &	3 - 4	
Bridge	Bridge	Bridge	Bridge	Right of	Road	
Precinct #1	Precinct #2	Precinct #3	Precinct #4	Way	Fund	Combined
\$ 159,736 	\$ 1,034,099 - - \$ 1,034,099	\$ 428,572 - - \$ 428,572	\$ 740,315 - - \$ 740,315	\$ 158,534 \$ 158,534	\$ 100 - - \$ 100	\$ 12,534,842 1,073,138 270,826 \$ 13,878,806
\$ y	\$ <u>8</u> -	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$
-	-	-	240	<u>ي</u> ن:	1	1,693,237
430,562	1,034,099	428,572	740,315	158,534	100	2,792,182
22	12	120	2		-	868,965
<u> </u>	72	÷				8,524,422
430,562	1,034,099	428,572	740,315	158,534	100	13,878,806
\$ 430,562	\$ 1,034,099	\$ 428,572	\$ 740,315	\$ 158,534	\$ 100	\$ 13,878,806

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES:	10 General Fund	12 Indigent Health Care	13 Group Insurance Benefit
Property taxes	\$ 7,855,106	\$ 510,228	\$
Registrations, fines and fees	685,851	÷	200
Public service fees	215,135	.	202
Intergovernmental	484,002		35
Interest income	57,064	980	.T.S
Other	211,351	. <u> </u>	(12,513)
Total revenues	9,508,509	511,208	(12,513)
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	3,285,855	×	3 2 3
Justice system	2,277,221	-	3 4 3
Public safety	1,807,349		(-)
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,550,641	×	
Health and human services	340,579	91,096	35
Infrastructure and environmental services	34,514		
Total expenditures	9,296,159	91,096	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	212,350	420,112	(12,513)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt		2	(a)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		÷	9 4 0
Transfers in	24,183		
Transfers out	(178,400)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(154,217)	· · · ·	
Net change in fund balances	58,133	420,112	(12,513)
Fund balance - beginning of year	9,335,254	1,273,125	12,513
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 9,393,387	\$ 1,693,237	\$

21 Road & Bridge Precinct #1	22 Road & Bridge Precinct #2	23 Road & Bridge Precinct #3	24 Road & Bridge Precinct #4	70 FM & Right of Way	75 3 - 4 Road Fund	Combined
\$ 613,066	\$ 613,066	\$ 613,066	\$ 613,066	\$ 9,888	\$	\$ 10,827,486
178,074	177,633	177,633	177,633	φ 0,000	Ψ -	1,396,824
					-	215,135
7,295	80,461	17,746	7,295		-	596,799
1,685	2,224	3,583	3,777	745	-	70,058
19,712	54,178	11,799	89,094		-	373,621
819,832	927,562	823,827	890,865	10,633		13,479,923
200	in the second se	-	- -	H	3 - 2	3,285,855
255	i n	-	(#))	H .		2,277,221
		5	(#2)	5	; = ?;	1,807,349
	17			2	-	1,550,641
4 400 700	3	-	1.000.110	ē.		431,675
1,162,706	856,124	947,088	1,000,119			4,000,551
1,162,706	856,124	947,088	1,000,119	. <u> </u>		13,353,292
(342,874)	71,438	(123,261)	(109,254)	10,633		126,631
	×	-	80,000	÷:	5 11 :	80,000
21,899				-		21,899
14,972	14,972	29,972	14,972		-	99,071
			(15,000)			(193,400)
36,871	14,972	29,972	79,972			7,570
(306,003)	86,410	(93,289)	(29,282)	10,633	12.	134,201
736,565	947,689	521,861	769,597	147,901	100	13,744,605
\$ 430,562	\$ 1,034,099	\$ 428,572	\$ 740,315	\$ 158,534	\$ 100	\$ 13,878,806

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDUL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General I	-und (10)			
	Budgeted			Variance With Final Budget - Positive		
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Property taxes	\$ 7,852,681	\$ 7,852,681	\$ 7,855,106	\$ 2.425		
Registrations, fines and fees	۶ 7,852,081 729,738	\$ 7,652,661 729,738	\$ 7,855,108 685,851	ə 2,425 (43,887)		
Public service fees	165,670	165,670	215,135	(43,887) 49,465		
Intergovernmental	282,104	444,125	484,002	39,877		
Interest income	5,000	5,000	484,002	52,064		
Other	44,500	94,750	211,351	116,601		
Total revenues	9,079,693	9,291,964	9,508,509	216,545		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	3,534,952	3,566,433	3,285,855	280,578		
Justice system	2,542,182	2,651,092	2,277,221	373,871		
Public safety	1,864,773	1,889,845	1,807,349	82,496		
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,680,667	1,727,475	1,550,641	176,834		
Health and human services	352,891	352,891	340,579	12,312		
Infrastructure and environmental services	44,874	44,874	34,514	10,360		
Total expenditures	10,020,339	10,232,610	9,296,159	936,451		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(940,646)	(940,646)	212,350	1,152,996		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt	Ver	12	12	2		
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	1.0	34C				
Transfers in	5. 8 5		24,183	24,183		
Transfers out	(196,819)	(196,819)	(178,400)	18,419		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(196,819)	(196,819)	(154,217)	42,602		
Net change in fund balances	(1,137,465)	(1,137,465)	58,133	1,195,598		
Fund balance - beginning of year	9,335,254	9,335,254	9,335,254			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 8,197,789	\$ 8,197,789	\$ 9,393,387	\$ 1,195,598		

	Indigent Hea	Ith Care (12)		Group Insurance Benefit (13)					
	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget - Positive		ed Amounts		Variance With Final Budget - Positive		
Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
\$ 508,077	\$ 508,077	\$ 510,228	\$ 2,151	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
			2	-	543	141	121		
-	(#)	э.	*				•		
	1.53		5:		52	(*)	(#3)		
500	500	980	480						
25,336	25,336		(25,336)			(12,513)	(12,513)		
533,913	533,913	511,208	(22,705)		· · · · · ·	(12,513)	(12,513)		
÷			-						
5	52	100		*	250	583			
	•		3	3		12 A	875		
÷	23	141	÷	2		100	N <u>2</u> 9		
533,913	533,913	91,096	442,817	-	(e)	(e:			
<u> </u>			· · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		()E:		
533,913	533,913	91,096	442,817	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
<u> </u>	÷	420,112	420,112	<u> </u>	·	(12,513)	(12,513)		
2	-		÷	2	7 2 5	2	<		
*	÷	1900 - C	¥	24	0.00	2	()=:		
	1	5 %)	×.	2	(*)	*	2.00		
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	a <u></u> a		- <u>(1</u>				
				4	·				
*	*	420,112	420,112		-	(12,513)	(12,513)		
1,273,125	1,273,125	1,273,125	<u>-</u>	12,513	12,513	12,513			
\$ 1,273,125	\$ 1,273,125	\$ 1,693,237	\$ 420,112	\$ 12,513	\$ 12,513	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (12,513)		

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Roa	d & Bridge I	Precin	cinct #1 (21)		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		ance With I Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	610,263	\$	610,263	\$	613,066	\$	2,803
Registrations, fines and fees		174,978		174,978		178,074		3,096
Public service fees				3		2		×
Intergovernmental		7,200		7,200		7,295		95
Interest income		200		200		1,685		1,485
Other	v <u></u>			19,711		19,712		1
Total revenues		792,641	-	812,352		819,832	_	7,480
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government						(#)		×
Justice system		3				(2 5		
Public safety		1		50		10		
Corrections and rehabilitation		51				14		- 2
Health and human services				100		30		54
Infrastructure and environmental services	1	,182,799	1	,202,510		1,162,706		39,804
Total expenditures	1	,182,799	1	,202,510	-	1,162,706		39,804
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	9	(390,158)	-	(390,158)	-	(342,874)		47,284
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt		120		122		220		÷.
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		3 4 5				21,899		21,899
Transfers in		15,158		15,158		14,972		(186)
Transfers out		(T)		25		æ		27
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,158	-	15,158	_	36,871		21,713
Net change in fund balances		(375,000)		(375,000)		(306,003)		68,997
Fund balance - beginning of year		736,565	*	736,565		736,565		9
Fund balance - end of year	\$	361,565	\$	361,565	\$	430,562	\$	68,997

		Road & Bridge I	Precino	:t #2 (22)			Road & Bridge Precinct #3 (23)							
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget - Positive		Budgeted Amounts						Fina F	ance With I Budget - ositive	
_	Original	Final	_	Actual	(N	egative)	Orig	inal		Final	-	Actual	(N	egative)
\$	610,263 171,000	\$ 610,263 171,000	\$	613,066 177,633	\$	2,803 6,633	\$61 17	0,263 1,000	\$	610,263 171,000	\$	613,066 177,633	\$	2,803 6,633
	7,200 200 788,663	7,700 200 <u>116,582</u> 905,745	:	80,461 2,224 54,178 927,562	5	72,761 2,024 (62,404) 21,817	2	7,200 200 - 8,663	;	7,200 200 10,500 799,163		17,746 3,583 11,799 823,827	: 	10,546 3,383 1,299 24,664
				a G		2								
	*	-		3 14		2 12				12		8		
		3.)		-		÷.		×		34		7		120
				×				*				-		
_	990,355 990,355	1,107,437 1,107,437		856,124 856,124		251,313 251,313		6,359 6,359	2	1,046,859 1,046,859	-	947,088 947,088	8 <u></u>	99,771 99,771
	(201,692)	(201,692)		71,438		273,130	(24	7,696)	2	(247,696)	-	(123,261)	a—	124,435
	*	-		-		5-		-				÷		
	15,158	15,158		14,972		(186)	1	5,158		15,158		29,972		14,814
_	15,158	15,158	_	14,972	-	(186)	1	5,158	_	15,158		29,972		14,814
	(186,534)	(186,534)		86,410		272,944	(23	2,538)		(232,538)		(93,289)		139,249
	947,689	947,689	-	947,689			52	1,861	-	521,861		521,861		-
\$	761,155	\$ 761,155	\$	1,034,099	\$	272,944	\$ 28	9,323	\$	289,323	\$	428,572	\$	139,249

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **GENERAL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Road & Bridge Precinct #4 (2								
	Budgeted	Amounte		Variance With Final Budget - Positive						
	Original	Final	Actual							
REVENUES:		Final	Actual	(Negative)						
Property taxes	\$ 610,263	\$ 610,263	\$ 613,066	\$ 2,803						
Registrations, fines and fees	171,000	171,000	177,633	¢ 2,003 6,633						
Public service fees	171,000	171,000	177,000	0,035						
Intergovernmental	7,200	7,200	7,295	95						
Interest income	200	200	3,777							
Other	200	79,928		3,577						
Total revenues	788.663		89,094	9,166						
lotarievendes	/88,663	868,591	890,865	22,274						
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government		-		-						
Justice system										
Public safety	10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -									
Corrections and rehabilitation		2.85	-							
Health and human services										
Infrastructure and environmental services	1,063,821	1,223,749	1,000,119	223,630						
Total expenditures	1,063,821	1,223,749	1,000,119	223,630						
	1,000,021		1,000,119							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(275,158)	(355,158)	(109,254)	245,904						
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt		80,000	80.000	-						
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	10,000	10,000	00,000	(10,000)						
Transfers in	15,158	15,158	14,972	(186)						
Transfers out	-		(15,000)	(15,000)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,158	105,158	79.972	(25,186)						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•							
Net change in fund balances	(250,000)	(250,000)	(29,282)	220,718						
Fund balance - beginning of year	769,597	769,597	769,597							
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 519,597	\$ 519,597	\$ 740,315	\$ 220,718						

	FM & Right of Way (70)					3 - 4 Road Fund (75)							
	Budgeted /	Amounts			ariance With inal Budget - Positive		Budgetee	d Amoun	ts			Final I	nce With Budget - sitive
C	Driginal	Final	Actua	al	(Negative)		Original		inal	Actual		(Negative)	
\$	9,909	\$ 9,909	9,8	388 \$	(21)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	i i i i	\$	14
	-	(4)			*		÷		34		(e)		
	5	100			*				20		6 5 1		255
					÷.		5		100		1773		
	1,500	1,500	0 7	745	(755)				20		723		1
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	11,409	11,409	9 10,6	333	(776)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	:	<u></u>	÷	
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	11,409	11,40		·	11,409	-	<u> </u>		. <u>.</u>	-	5		0.5
	11,409	11,40	9		11,409		-		<u> </u>		ŝ		1
		-	10,	633	10,633			-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
		¥		-	2		2		26		11 2		23
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			_				•	2	1	1. 1.		-	ş
	2	5	10,	633	10,633		×						s.
	147,901	147,90	1147,	901		-	100	_	100	2	100	-	
\$	147,901	\$ 147,90	1 \$ 158,	534 \$	10,633	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	-

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Combined					
				Variance With			
				Final Budget -			
	Budgeted Amounts			Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$ 10,811,719	\$ 10,811,719	\$ 10,827,486	\$ 15,767			
Registrations, fines and fees	1,417,716	1,417,716	1,396,824	(20,892)			
Public service fees	165,670	165,670	215,135	49,465			
Intergovernmental	310,904	473,425	596,799	123,374			
Interest income	7,800	7,800	70,058	62,258			
Other	69,836	346,807	373,621	26,814			
Total revenues	12,783,645	13,223,137	13,479,923	256,786			
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	3,534,952	3,566,433	3,285,855	280,578			
Justice system	2,542,182	2,651,092	2,277,221	373,871			
Public safety	1,864,773	1,889,845	1,807,349	82,496			
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,680,667	1,727,475	1,550,641	176,834			
Health and human services	886,804	886,804	431,675	455,129			
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,329,617	4,636,838	4,000,551	636,287			
Total expenditures	14,838,995	15,358,487	13,353,292	2,005,195			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,055,350)	(2,135,350)	126,631	2,261,981			
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from the issuance of lease debt	742	80,000	80.000				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	10,000	10,000	21,899	11,899			
Transfers in	60,632	60,632	99,071	38,439			
Transfers out	(196,819)	(196,819)	(193,400)	3,419			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(126,187)	(46,187)	7,570	53,757			
Net change in fund balances	(2,181,537)	(2,181,537)	134,201	2,315,738			
Fund balance - beginning of year	13,744,605	13,744,605	13,744,605				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 11,563,068	\$ 11,563,068	\$ 13,878,806	\$ 2,315,738			

		15		16	17	Di	18
	F	Records	C	ourthouse	BVS	-	t Clerk ecords
		nagement		Security	servation		agement
ASSETS		nagement		becunty	 Scivation	TVICIT	agement
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	446,515	\$	103,758	\$ 7,927	\$	4,890
Total assets	\$	446,515	\$	103,758	\$ 7,927	\$	4,890
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Due to other funds	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	2
⁻ und balances:							
Restricted for:							
Records management/preservation		446,515			7,927		4,890
Public safety		12		103,758	4		-
Justice system		-2		- S4	2		- 2
Corrections and rehabilitation		a		14	2		1
Debt service		2		-	2		-
Other		4			2		<u> </u>
Total fund balances	5) 5	446,515	-	103,758	 7,927	2 2	4,890
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	446,515	\$	103,758	\$ 7,927	\$	4,890

		Special Revenue I	Funds				
	19 26 27		27	30 31 County Attorney		32	33 District
Re	ecords	Unclaimed		Forfeiture		Sheriff Office	Attorney
Pres	servation	Property	Elections	Check Account	VIT Collector	Forfeiture	Forfeiture
\$	53,713	\$ 38,480	\$ 18,109	\$ 2,457		\$ 10,083	\$ 306,421
\$	53,713	\$ 38,480	\$ 18,109	\$ 2,457	\$ 16,190	\$ 10,083	\$ 306,421
\$	-	<u>\$ </u>	_\$	\$	- \$ -	\$	\$ -
	53,713			<u>12</u> 5	<u>~</u>	÷	
			543	2,457	<u>u</u>	10,083	
	34) (4)	1	1	-	8	8	306,421
	9 4 0	ан. С		<u> </u>	8	8	-
	(a)		-	<u> </u>	2	÷.	-
	(a)	38,480	18,109	<u> </u>	16,190		3~
_	53,713	38,480	18,109	2,457	16,190	10,083	306,421
\$	53,713	\$ 38,480	\$ 18,109	\$ 2,457	\$ 16,190	\$ 10,083	\$ 306,421

	35 District	36	38 District	39
	Attorney	DA State	DA State Attorney	
	Hot Check	Supplement	Hot Check	Estray
ASSETS				
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 11,130	\$ 21,176	\$ 6,974	\$ 16,070
Total assets	\$ 11,130	\$ 21,176	\$ 6,974	\$ 16,070
IABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
_iabilities:				
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
und balances:				
Restricted for:				
Records management/preservation	9 2 9	<u>_</u>	i i	121
Public safety		2	2	a (
Justice system	11,130	21,176	6,974	
Corrections and rehabilitation	5 2 0	<u></u>	<u>1</u> :	120
Debt service	(a)	÷	<u>1</u>	
Other	(#)		2	16,070
Total fund balances	11,130	21,176	6,974	16,070
otal liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,130	\$ 21,176	\$ 6,974	\$ 16,070

8

		Special Rever	nue Funds				
	40	41	42	43	44	45	47
			State	County		Juvenile	Community
		Adult	Juvenile	Juvenile	Commitment	Probation	Service
P	robation	Probation	Probation	Probation	Diversion	IV E	Adult Prob.
\$	28,315	\$ 210,231	\$ (14,417)	\$ 229,856	\$ -	\$ 17,661	\$ 8,195
\$	28,315	\$ 210,231	\$ (14,417)	\$ 229,856	\$ -	\$ 17,661	\$ 8,195
\$		\$	_\$	\$ -	\$	\$	\$
	-	-	-	*	(- :	-	
	1990) 1990)	=	-	~	(e	34.)	3 4 3
	a) 00.045	2000	=	ж) 		ж [.]	(2)
	28,315	210,231	(14,417)	229,856		17,661	8,195
	(-))	÷	-	-		7 2 0	
	-		-		·		
	28,315	210,231	(14,417)	229,856	·	17,661	8,195
\$	28,315	\$ 210,231	\$ (14,417)	\$ 229,856	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 17,661	\$ 8,195

	48	49	50	51	
	Court	Supplement	Family	Court	
	Reporter	Guardianship	Protection	Facilities	
	Fees	Fees	Fees	Fees	
ASSETS					
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 53,840	\$ 27,700	\$ 21,990	\$ 4,652	
Total assets	\$ 53,840	\$ 27,700	\$ 21,990	\$ 4,652	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	
Fund balances:					
Restricted for:					
Records management/preservation		<u>a</u>	<u></u>	-	
Public safety		<u></u>	20		
Justice system	53,840	27,700	21,990	4,652	
Corrections and rehabilitation				-	
Debt service		<u>u</u>	2		
Other		<u>u</u>	2		
Total fund balances	53,840	27,700	21,990	4,652	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 53,840	\$ 27,700	\$ 21,990	\$ 4,652	

	Special Revenue	Funds				
52	55	56	57	58	81	82
Law						
Library	Historical	JP Court	Specialty	Language	Constable #1	Constable #2
Fees	Commission	Security	Court	Access	LEOSE	LEOSE
\$ 99,564	\$ 16,296	\$ 10,263	\$ 3,775	\$ 698	\$ 1,208	\$ 2,736
\$ 99,564	\$ 16,296	\$ 10,263	\$ 3,775	\$ 698	\$ 1,208	\$ 2,736
\$	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -
-	30 - 3		-			1 2 7
-		10,263	3,775		1,208	2,736
99,564	5 m	-	+:	(a)		
3 5 .	3 E .	-	-)	-	-	-
1.5	3 m	×	-		<u> </u>	2 2 3
	16,296	······		698		
99,564	16,296	10,263	3,775	698	1,208	2,736
\$ 99,564	\$ 16,296	\$ 10,263	\$ 3,775	\$ 698	\$ 1,208	\$ 2,736

		Special Revenue Funds		
	83	83 84		86
		District	County	District
	Sheriff	Attorney	Clerk	Clerk
	LEOSE	LEOSE	Archive	Archive
ASSETS				
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 13,391	\$ 2,532	\$ 528,591	\$ 22,101
Total assets	\$ 13,391	\$ 2,532	\$ 528,591	\$ 22,101
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Due to other funds		\$	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Records management/preservation	-	5045	528,591	22,101
Public safety	13,391		421	25
Justice system	2	2,532		-
Corrections and rehabilitation	<u>-</u>	Vie:	19 () 19 ()	L2
Debt service	₽	12	127	2
Other			5 1 7	2
Total fund balances	13,391	2,532	528,591	22,101
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,391	\$ 2,532	\$ 528,591	\$ 22,101

87 County Clerk Technology	89 District Clerk Technology	90 JP Technology	93 Grants	Debt Service Fund 61 Annex Sinking Fund	Total Combined
\$ 6,066 \$ 6,066	\$ 30,810 \$ 30,810	\$ 9,337 \$ 9,337	\$ 160,851 \$ 160,851	\$ 288,182 \$ 288,182	\$ 2,848,317 \$ 2,848,317
\$	\$	\$ -	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$
6,066 - - - - - - - -	30,810 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	9,337 - - 9,337	160,851 - - - 160,851	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,100,613 147,671 726,167 479,841 288,182 105,843 2,848,317
\$ 6,066	\$ 30,810	\$ 9,337	\$ 160,851	\$ 288,182	\$ 2,848,317

	15	16	17	18
				Dist. Clerk
	Records	Courthouse	BVS	Records
	Management	Security	Preservation	Management
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 🖙	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Registrations, fines and fees	76,385	18,546	1,511	7,390
Intergovernmental	1 4		12	<u> </u>
Interest income	1,349	665	66	26
Other	2	-	-	-
Total revenues	77,734	19,211	1,577	7,416
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	31,563	20,064	2,126	5,456
Justice system				-
Public safety	-	2		÷
Corrections and rehabilitation	-	625	27	2
Health and human services	21	7 <u>2</u> -		
Debt service:				
Principal	-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		
Total expenditures	31,563	20,064	2,126	5,456
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	46,171	(853)	(549)	1,960
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in				
Transfers out	2.4	-		2
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)				. <u></u>
Net change in fund balances	46,171	(853)	(549)	1,960
Fund balance - beginning of year	400,344	104,611	8,476	2,930
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 446,515	\$ 103,758	\$ 7,927	\$ 4,890

		Special Revenue	Funds				
	19 Records eservation	26 Unclaimed Property	27 Elections	30 County Attorney Forfeiture Check Account	31 VIT Collector	32 Sheriff Office Forfeiture	33 District Attorney Forfeiture
\$	2,479	\$ = +	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ - -	\$
	- 674	- 149 147,215	9,353 20		- 10	- 13 4,218	3,512 2,254
-	3,153	147,364	9,373		10	4,218	5,766
	45,408	150,000	2,800		-	æ.;	-
	3 .	-	-				119,480
	S#25	-		5 e	-	15,536	-
		-	2. 2.				
	3 4 3	-		18	8		177
a	45,408	- 150,000	2,800		<u> </u>	15,536	119,480
:	(42,255)	(2,636)	6,573		10	(11,305)	(113,714)
	-		::=:	-	-	-	10,000
	-				÷		- 10,000
	-			· <u> </u>		. <u></u>	10,000
	(42,255)	(2,636)	6,573	₹.	10	(11,305)	(103,714)
2	95,968	41,116	11,536	2,457	16,180	21,388	410,135
\$	53,713	\$ 38,480	\$ 18,109	\$ 2,457	\$ 16,190	\$ 10,083	\$ 306,421

	-	35		36		38		39
		District		-	П	istrict		
		ttorney	D	A State	Attorney			
	Hot Check			plement	Hot Check			Estray
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Registrations, fines and fees		120	+	-	Ť	-	Ŧ	-
Intergovernmental		2		45,833		-		
Interest income		37		.0,000		38		10
Other		2		<u>.</u>				2,911
Total revenues	-	157		45,833	3	38	-	2,921
	-			40,000				2,321
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		() =)
Justice system		-		27,500				
Public safety		-						-
Corrections and rehabilitation		÷:		-		2		12
Health and human services		<u>_</u>		14		120		2,250
Debt service:								-,
Principal		2				-		
Interest and fiscal charges		-						-
Total expenditures	-	-	33	27,500		-		2,250
))					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		157		18,333		38		671
	-		3 					
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		1		0 2 0		(w)
Transfers out		2		(24,183)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	-	(24,183)	3	-		
	-		()					
Net change in fund balances		157		(5,850)		38		671
Fund balance - beginning of year		10,973		27,026		6,936		15,399
			10 		3		-	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	11,130	\$	21,176	\$	6,974	\$	16,070
							_	

	Special Rev	enue Funds					
40 Probation	41 Adult Probation	42 State Juvenile Probation	43 County Juvenile Probation	44 Commitment Diversion	45 Juvenile Probation IV E	47 Community Service Adult Prob.	
\$ - - - 18 - - 18	\$ - 279,280 158,498 147 - -	\$ - 264,779 - - 264,779	\$ - 112,801 - 174 - 112,975	\$ - - - - - - 49,182	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 68,672 - - 68,672	
5 7 8 8	- - 440,970 -	- - 157,790 -	- - 356,237	- - 49,182 -	- - 12,311	- - 122,795 -	
	440,970	157,790	356,237	49,182	12,311	122,795	
	(3,045) (58,740) (58,740)	<u> </u>	(243,262) 262,512 		<u>(12,300)</u> - 	(54,123) 58,740 	
18 28,297	(61,785)	(47,011) <u>32,594</u>	19,250 210,606		(12,300)	4,617	
\$ 28,315	\$ 210,231	\$ (14,417)	\$ 229,856	\$ -	\$ 17,661	\$ 8,195	

		48		49		50		51
	С	ourt	Sup	plement	F	amily	(Court
	Re	porter	Gua	rdianship	Pro	otection	Fa	cilities
	F	ees		Fees		Fees	Fees	
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	=	\$		\$		\$	
Registrations, fines and fees		7,758		3,560		510		4,652
Intergovernmental		-		3 -		140 A		314
Interest income		÷		345		100 C		3 9
Other		<u>i</u>		87 6 8		1 2 1		9 <u>2</u>
Total revenues		7,758		3,560	_	510		4,652
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		÷.		0=2		Ξ.		-
Justice system		699		0.000				÷
Public safety		Ξ.				÷		2
Corrections and rehabilitation		×		92		<u></u>		2
Health and human services		-		14		2		17.1. 88-
Debt service:								
Principal		<u>~</u>		4		8		8
Interest and fiscal charges		5				7		
Total expenditures	-	699	-		2 	7 .		5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		7,059	8 <u></u>	3,560	-	510		4,652
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		9		-		-		2
Transfers out	2			2		-		2
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		<u>1</u>	3 	2		
Net change in fund balances		7,059		3,560		510		4,652
Fund balance - beginning of year		46,781		24,140	s <u></u>	21,480		<u> </u>
Fund balance - end of year	\$	53,840	\$	27,700	\$	21,990	\$	4,652

52	Special Revenue Fu 55	5 56 57		58	81	82	
Law							
Library	Historical	JP Court	Specialty	Langauge	Constable #1	Constable #2 LEOSE	
Fees	Commission	Security	Court	Access	LEOSE		
10 005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =	\$ -	\$	\$	
10,625	H .	÷	2,191	698			
-	- 10	-	-	5 = 5	554	554	
193 1941	10	90	-		62= 150	÷	
10,625		90	2,191	- 698	- 554	- 554	
10,023			2,131	090_		554	
	18.1	-	-		-	*	
7,916	(H):			5 H	÷:	2 ₩ 33	
2 0 2		397	3 3 6		1,837	883	
(#);	5 4 3)	-	223	-	<u>1</u>		
	540) 1	12	러말	V <u>2</u> 4	-		
1 <u>4</u> 0	5 B			5	-		
				(. . .			
7,916		397			1,837	883	
2,709	10	(307)	2,191	698_	(1,283)	(329	
:#:	1	-	17 - 2	2	2	-	
		4	17 <u>2</u> 2	-	Ξ.		
	÷						
2,709	10	(307)	2,191	698	(1,283)	(329	
96,855	16,286	10,570	1,584		2,491	3,065	
99,564	\$ 16,296	\$ 10,263	\$ 3,775	\$ 698	\$ 1,208	\$ 2,736	

			Special R	evenue Funds
	83	84	85	86
		District	County	District
	Sheriff	Attorney	Clerk	Clerk
	LEOSE	LEOSE	Archive	Archive
REVENUES:		·		
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -
Registrations, fines and fees	-	÷	74,880	1,480
Intergovernmental	1,838	546	8 2	20
Interest income	-	<u>1</u>	1,489	67
Other	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	6 <u>48</u>	
Total revenues	1,838	546	76,369	1,547
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	-	×	35,000	÷
Justice system	-	-	(-)	4,642
Public safety	1,097	×	. (1 4)	=
Corrections and rehabilitation	2	-	22	12
Health and human services	<u></u>	2	Nas	2
Debt service:				
Principal	ž.		-	Ξ.
Interest and fiscal charges		.		
Total expenditures	1,097		35,000	4,642
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	741	546	41,369	(3,095)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	<u>щ</u>	2	÷
Transfers out	2	말		ŝ
Total other financing sources (uses)			<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	741	546	41,369	(3,095)
Fund balance - beginning of year	12,650	1,986	487,222	25,196
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 13,391	\$ 2,532	\$ 528,591	\$ 22,101

							S	Debt ervice ⁻ und		
<u> </u>	87	89		90		93		61		
	ounty	District						nnex		
	Clerk	Clerk	τ.	JP		0		inking		Total
	hnology	chnology	Tec	chnology		Grants		Fund		ombined
\$	π.	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3	328,333	\$	328,333
	232	1,591		3,172		: .		200		609,861
	-			÷.		0		100		599,809
	26	80		172				872		9,725
				-		1/24		-		156,598
	258	 1,671	_	3,344				329,205		1,704,326
	149					20,590		÷		313,156
	×	2,006		11,934		19,546		*		193,723
	-	-		×		112,393		2		132,143
	-			×		125,116		-		1,264,401
	-	-		-		27		-		2,250
	2	-		<u>i</u>		4	:	285,000		285,000
	÷.			÷.			-	10,834		10,834
-	149	2,006		11,934		277,645		295,834		2,201,507
-									_	
	109	 (335)		(8,590)	_	(277,645)	-	33,371		(497,181)
	÷	3 4 3		-		<u> </u>		÷.		331,252
-		 1969				-		<u>2</u>		(236,923)
		 1 2 0	_			÷.			_	94,329
	109	(335)		(8,590)		(277,645)		33,371		(402,852)
5	5,957	 31,145	-	17,927	-	438,496		254,811	_	3,251,169
\$	6,066	\$ 30,810	\$	9,337	\$	160,851	\$ 2	288,182	\$	2,848,317

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	De	Sheriff Department Accounts		Coke Fund		County Tax A/C Accounts		County Clerk Accounts		District Clerk Accounts
ASSETS Cash	¢	60.000	e	0.440	¢	244 070	¢	004 700	¢	40.4.000
	\$	62,398	\$	2,118	\$	341,273	\$	384,780	\$	434,888
Total assets		62,398	-	2,118		341,273	-	384,780	2	434,888
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable				-		-		-		
Total liabilities			-					18	-	
NET POSITION										
Restricted for other purposes		62,398		2,118		341,273		384,780		434.888
Total net position	\$	62,398	\$	2,118	\$	341,273	\$	384,780	\$	434,888

County Attorney Account	Probation Department Accounts	JP #1 Account	JP #2 Account	Pending Forfeitures	State Fees Fund	Total Combined
\$ 3,51		\$ 6,947	\$ 13,959	\$ 112,639	\$ 27,359	\$ 1,412,079
3,51		6,947	13,959	112,639	27,359	1,412,079
			ī			
3,51		6,947	13,959	112,639	27,359	1,412,079
\$3,51		\$6,947	\$ 13,959	\$ 112,639	\$ 27,359	\$ 1,412,079

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Sheriff Department Accounts	Coke Fund	County Tax A/C Accounts	County Clerk Accounts	
ADDITIONS	\$ 131,310	\$ 1,933	\$ 15,707,968	\$ 313,141	
DEDUCTIONS	95,546	1,218	15,686,451	117,671	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	35,764	715	21,517	195,470	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING NET POSITION - ENDING	26,634 \$ 62,398	1,403 \$2,118	319,756 \$ 341,273	189,310 \$ 384,780	

District Clerk Accounts	County Attorney Account	Probation Department Accounts	JP #1 Account	JP #2 Account	Pending Forfeitures	State Fees Fund	Total Combined
\$ 457,955	\$ 5,438	\$ 257,779	\$ 33,958	\$ 53,491	\$ 7,070	\$ 160,109	\$ 17,130,152
684,476	6,013	258,522	33,222	48,972	4,022	160,375	17,096,488
(226,521)	(575)	(743)	736	4,519	3,048	(266)	33,664
661,409 \$ 434,888	4,087 \$ 3,512	22,949 \$ 22,206	6,211 \$6,947	9,440 \$13,959	109,591 \$ 112,639	27,625 \$ 27,359	1,378,415 \$ 1,412,079